#### § 14.253

Animal Welfare Act (AWA) (7 U.S.C. 2131 *et seq.*) (See definition of "licensee" in 9 CFR 1.1.).

Prohibited wildlife species means a specimen of any of the following eight species: Lion (Panthera leo), tiger (Panthera tigris), leopard (Panthera pardus), snow leopard (Uncia uncia), clouded leopard (Neofelis nebulosa), jaguar (Panthera onca), cheetah (Acinonyx jubatus), and cougar (Puma concolor) or any hybrids resulting from the breeding of any combination of any of these species, for example, a liger (a male lion and a female tiger) or a tiglon (a male tiger and a female lion), whether naturally or artificially produced.

Propagate means to allow or facilitate the production of offspring of any of the prohibited wildlife species, by any means.

Registered person means any individual, facility, agency, or other entity that is registered with and inspected by APHIS under the AWA (See definition of "registrant" in 9 CFR 1.1.).

## § 14.253 What are the restrictions contained in these regulations?

Except as provided in §14.255, it is unlawful for any person to import, export, transport, sell, receive, acquire, or purchase, in interstate or foreign commerce, any live prohibited wildlife species.

### §14.254 What are the requirements contained in these regulations?

In order to qualify for the exemption in §14.255, an accredited wildlife sanctuary must maintain complete and accurate records of any possession, transportation, acquisition, disposition, importation, or exportation of the prohibited wildlife species covered by the CWSA. These records must be up to date, and must include the names and addresses of persons to or from whom any prohibited wildlife species has been acquired, imported, exported, purchased, sold, or otherwise transferred; and the dates of these transactions. The accredited wildlife sanctuary must maintain these records for 5 years. must make these records available to Service officials for inspection at reasonable hours, and must copy these records for Service officials, if requested. In addition, by declaring itself to be accredited under this subpart, a wildlife sanctuary agrees to allow access to its facilities and its prohibited wildlife specimens by Service officials at reasonable hours.

# § 14.255 Are there any exemptions to the restrictions contained in these regulations?

The prohibitions of §14.253 do not apply to:

- (a) A licensed person or registered person;
- (b) A State college, university, or agency;
- (c) A State-licensed wildlife rehabilitator;
  - (d) A State-licensed veterinarian;
- (e) An accredited wildlife sanctuary; or
- (f) A person who:
- (1) Can produce documentation showing that he or she is transporting live prohibited wildlife species between persons who are exempt from the prohibitions in §14.253; and
- (2) Has no financial interest in the prohibited wildlife species other than payment received for transporting them.

# PART 15—WILD BIRD CONSERVATION ACT

## Subpart A—Introduction and General Provisions

Sec.

- 15.1 Purpose of regulations.
- 15.2 Scope of regulations.
- 15.3 Definitions
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#### Subpart B—Prohibitions and Requirements

- 15.11 Prohibitions.
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# Subpart C—Permits and Approval of Cooperative Breeding Programs

- 15.21 General application procedures.
- 15.22 Permits for scientific research.
- 15.23 Permits for zoological breeding or display programs.
- 15.24 Permits for cooperative breeding.
- 15.25 Permits for personal pets.
- 15.26 Approval of cooperative breeding programs.